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	7.9	Piping coating specification still to be defined



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11.0 Annexes

12.0 Attachments

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9.0	Inspection And Testing
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Title: SURFACE PREPARATION and PAINT APPLICATION PROCEDURE

1.0 Scope

The scope of this procedure is to cover the technical requirements for surface preparation, method of application, inspection and materials to be used for Barge No.8.

2.0 Applicability

This procedure is applicable for the coating of Barge No.8 hull structure, top side steel structures and piping.

The following items and areas are not to be coated:

- Equipment supplied finish coated with an approved system
- Equipment chrome plating or nickel plated, copper, brass, plastic and other similar surfaces
- Acoustic or textured ceiling materials
- Galvanised steel surfaces for interior service except where required for safety or identification purpose or for architectural or decorative treatment, unless the surface has been damaged
- Exposed threads, threaded bolt holes and flange mating surfaces
- Stainless steel surfaces (unless operating over 50°C)
- Sacrificial and impressed anodes and reference electrodes
- Moving parts such as valve spindles, delicate machinery and machined surfaces
- Push buttons and switches
- Instrument and electrical items such as glass faced pressure gauges, light fittings,
 cables, instrument panels etc
- Name plates, TAG plates and code stampings
- Fibre reinforced plastic items



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3.0 Reference Documents

ISO 8502 Part 9

3.1 Reference Standards

ISO 8501 Part 1	Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products. Visual assessment of surface cleanliness – Part 1: Rust grades and preparation grades of uncoated steel substrates and of steel substrates after removal of previous coatings.
ISO 8501 Part 1/Supplement 1994	Representative photographic examples of the change of appearance imparted to steel when blast cleaned with different abrasives
ISO 8501 Part 2	Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products. Visual assessment of surface cleanliness – Part 2: Preparation grades of previously coated steel substrates after localized removal of previous coating
ISO 8501 Part 3	Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products. Visual assessment of surface cleanliness – Part 3: Preparation grades of welds, cut edges and other area with surface imperfections
ISO 8502 Part 3	Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products. Tests for the assessment of surface cleanliness. Part 3: Assessment of dust on steel surfaces prepared for painting (pressures sensitive tape method)
ISO 8502 Part 4	Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products. Tests for the assessment of surface cleanliness. Part 4: Guidance on the estimation of the probability of condensation prior to paint application.
ISO 8502 Part 6	Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products. Tests for the assessment of surface cleanliness. Part 6: Sampling of soluble impurities on surfaces to be painted – The Bresle method

determination of water soluble salts.

Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints

and related products. Tests for the assessment of surface cleanliness. Part 9: Field method for the conduct metric



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Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints ISO 8503 Part 1 and related products. Surface roughness characteristics of blast-cleaned steel substrates. Part 1: Specification and definitions for ISO surface profile comparators for the assessment of abrasive blast- cleaned surfaces. Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints ISO 8503 Part 2 and related products. Surface roughness characteristics of blast-cleaned steel substrates. Part 2: Method for the grading of surface profile of abrasive blast cleaned steel -Comparator procedure. Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints ISO 8504 Part 1 and related products. Surface preparation methods. Part 1: General principles ISO 8504 Part 2 Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints and related products. Surface preparation methods. Part 2: Abrasive blast cleaning. Preparation of steel substrates before application of paints ISO 8504 Part 3 and related products. Surface preparation methods. Part 3: Hand and power tool cleaning. Paints and varnishes – Pull-off test for adhesion ISO 4624 Zinc dust pigment for paints. Specifications and test methods ISO 3549 Measurement of dry coating thickness with magnetic gauges SSPC-PA 2 SSPC-SP 1 Solvent cleaning Measuring adhesion by tape test **ASTM D3359** Recommended practice for discontinuity (holiday) testing of NACE RP0188 protective coatings Field Measurement of Surface Profile of Abrasive Blast NACE RP0287 Cleaning Steel Surfaces Using a Replica Tape Norsok Standard Surface preparation and protective coating

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3.2 Associated Documents

Doc. No. 48007-QA-P-05
 Inspection and Test Plan

Doc. No. 48007-QA-P-09
 Calibration Procedure

AGIP KCO Doc. No. KE01.00.000.KD.V.SS.0001.000 Specification for Surface
 Preparation & External Coating

Paint Manufacturers` Data Sheets

4.0 Abbreviations

NDE Non-Destructive Examination

WFT Wet Film Thickness

DFT Dry Film Thickness

R/Min Minimum re-coating intervalR/Max Maximum re-coating interval

5.0 General

In general, all bulk structural materials (plates and profiles) will be supplied in a black condition.

All steel plates and profiles for the Barge Hull structure will be blasted to SA 2½ and coated with weldable Hempel Shop Primer ZS 15890, Colour – Grey / 19840 to a DFT of 25 and 40 microns as per suppliers recommendations. Steel profiles for the top side steel structure of the barge need not to be shop primed prior to fabrication.

Following completion of welding and acceptance of NDE and dimensional control, all blocks and steel structures for top sides will be re-blasted / blasted to SA 2½ and the approved coating systems as per this procedure shall be applied. No paint shall be applied in way of the erection seam.

The selected coating manufacturer for this project is International Marine Coatings. The current (most recent edition) of the manufacturer's technical product data sheets are attached to this procedure.

6.0 Procedure

6.1 General Conditions

Surface Preparation and Coating Application

For the abrasive blast cleaning of carbon steel, copper slag shall be used.



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- Abrasive agents for cleaning shall be sharp, angular, clean, dry and free from contaminants. Expendable abrasive material shall not contain more than 2 percent by weight of ferrous oxide (Fe₂ O₃) or cuprous oxide (CuO). The abrasive shall be of a suitable size to produce the required cleanness and surface blast profile (specified herein). Cast iron or malleable iron shot shall not be used. The blasted surface shall be free of visible residues and embodiments. The moisture content of material delivered in bags or bulk shall not exceed 0.5% (in weight). The conductivity of the soluble salts in the abrasive shall not exceed 200μs/cm (micro siemens per centimeter). An analysis of the abrasive shall be performed to ensure suitability of the abrasive.
- ➤ If for whatever reason spot blasting is not safe or not practical then, mechanical cleaning as per Swedish Standard SSPC ST3 (power tool cleaning) shall be carried out. After power tool cleaning, surface shall be needle gunned to provide sufficient roughness (anchor pattern) so that paint adheres properly.
- For areas being blast cleaned that are only partially completed, a working edge of at least 100mm shall be left unprimed / uncoated. For surfaces that shall later be welded, the coating shall be applied only up to 100mm each side of the weld location.
- Paint application shall not proceed when:
 - a. The weather forecast indicates that conditions will become unsuitable.
 - b. When the steel / substrate temperature is less than 3 °C above the Dew Point.
 - c. When the ambient temperature is above 40 °C
 - d. When the relative humidity is in excess of 85%.
 - e. When the substrate temperature is higher than the maximum permissible limit for that product intended for application as notified by the paint manufacturer.
 - f. The specific standard of surface preparation has not been achieved (i.e. standard or cleanliness, removal of contamination, unsuitable surface profile / roughness etc.)
 - g. A release note is not received from client before grit blasting operations.
- In accordance with good painting practice, all edges, welds both (hand and machine), corners, scallops, bolt holes etc. shall be stripe coated (by brush only) after priming and in between each successive full coat. Stripe coating shall be carried out internally on barge hull structure and on the top side steel structures.
- Areas of converging structural / piping / supporting steel work shall be painted by using multiple brush coats if such areas would otherwise result in over application, dry / overspray, sagging or other paint application related problems.
- > All surface preparation and coating inspection equipment must bear a valid certificate of accuracy / calibration.



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6.2 Surface Preparation

a. Steelwork

- All sharp edges shall be ground off to a minimum of 2.0 millimeters radius.
- All welding spatter and slag shall be removed.
- All corner cut-outs shall be cleaned of all weld and burn slag.
- Any undercuts / blowholes to welds requiring re-welding shall be done prior to grit blasting.
- > All plate laminations shall be removed with a grinding machine before grit blasting.
- ➤ All welding and burning in confined spaces or adjacent areas to confined spaces shall be completed prior to commencement of grit blasting.
- ➤ All temporary welding lugs, brackets, etc. shall be removed. After removal, such areas shall be ground to provide a smooth surface, and subject to NDE Inspection. This will also apply to any other areas of damage, which may have occurred during erection.
- > It will be ensured that no welds have sharp edges.
- > All oil residues, contaminants etc. shall be removed from surfaces with a non-fatty solvent.

b. Blasting

- ➤ Abrasive blast clean all surfaces to Swedish Standard SIS 05 5900: Sa 2½ (equivalent to SSPC-SP10 or ISO 8501-1 Sa 2½) with a surface profile within the range 30-85 microns by either the shot blasting treatment line or open manual blast cleaning using copper slag abrasive.
- ➤ Rust scale, mill scale, foreign matter and soluble salts are to be removed from the surface, in accordance with ISO Sa 2½. This includes the complete removal of existing shop primer. All scallop edges, lightening holes and internal surfaces of hatch coaming, back or return edges are to be taken into account.
- > Care shall be taken to ensure that the areas on bottom covered by temporary support tubes are taken into the blasting schedule.
- After completion of each blasting operation, cleaning will be carried out followed by inspection of blast standard. This includes also the blasting profile, level of chloride contamination (max 6uS/cm², which is approx. 20mg/m²) and removal of grit adhering to steel surfaces.
- > On acceptance of blast standard, final cleaning shall be carried out by stiff fibre brushing and finally vacuum cleaning.
- > Scaffolding and tank fittings shall be clean and free from spent abrasive.



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6.3 Mechanical and Power Tooling

Power Tooling shall only be done:

- > When vacuum blast is not possible due to access.
- > Only with written permission of client and on a case by case basis.
- Acceptable standard is ST 3 according to ISO 8504-3.

After power tooling the cleaned surface shall be needle gunned to provide a sufficient roughness so that the paint will adhere properly.

6.4 Paint Application

a. General

When paint application is being carried out by means of Airless Gun Spray, the area shall be protected in such a way that over spray cannot effect other areas. *Paint operators shall be qualified by sample test plates*.

b. Application of Shop Primers on New Steel

When shop priming new steels before fabrication, the steel shall be grit blasted to Sa 2½ (ISO 8501-1) and shop primed with Hempel Shop Primer ZS 15890.

- > The minimum DFT for shall not be less than 25µm.
- The maximum DFT shall not exceed 40µm.
- > Shop-primed steel, which is corroded due to a low film thickness, or mechanical damage will be rejected, totally re-blasted to Sa 2½ standard and fully re-coated to specification standard for the contractor's account.
- > Application of shop primers must be held in strict accordance with the Paint Manufacturer's Technical Datasheet.
- > Shop primed material shall be stored and handled in such a way that unnecessary damage to the paint will not occur.
- ➤ Prior to the application of the full coating system, all shop primed steel structures shall be degreased by solvent (when required), cleaned and blasted to Sa 2½ to remove the shop primer.

c. Application of Coating System

- > Painting application shall be in accordance with manufacturers data sheet and this specification.
- Paint shall be applied free of sagging, inclusions and shall be equally applied over the surface.
- > The application of any paint shall be in the presence of a supervisor and QC Inspector who will be responsible for preparation and application during the work.



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Minimum and maximum interval times between coats shall be consistent with the Manufacturers Data Sheets and with the application and inspection principles.

- > Stripe coats shall be applied between each layer and applied on the following areas:
 - Corner edges and inside surface of holes.
 - Free edges.
 - Welded Seams.
 - Areas where airless spray application cannot be executed.
- > The drying times as stated in manufacturers data sheets shall be adhered to each full layer as well as for the stripe coat.

d. Coating Thickness

The coating systems are detailed in section 7.0 and the nominal dry film thickness (DFT) is given for each coat. The DFT of any coat shall not be greater than 40% above nor 10% below the nominal value specified.

The minimum dry film thickness (MDFT) is the acceptance thickness for the total applied coating system, based on a 95% probability of this value being exceeded by any individual measurement. In practice, this requires statistical records to be maintained of thickness measurements.

e. Multi Coat Systems

Intervals between coats shall be kept to the minimum complying with the manufacturer's recommendations at the prevailing temperature in order to avoid contamination between coats. Any contamination between coats shall be removed.

Zinc silicate and zinc rich epoxy primers shall be tie-coated or overcoated within a maximum of seven (7) days unless specific approval has been given by the client to extend this period.

6.6 Remedial Touch Up

Any rework of damaged paint coatings, either newly applied or existing, shall be carried out to a standard and quality matching this specification and paint manufacturer's Technical Data Sheets or specification's.

The time of delay between damage and repair of a painted area shall be as short as possible. The intact surrounding paint at damaged area shall be sand papered for an area of approximately 5-10 cm to perform a good adhesion.



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7.0 Coating Systems

7.1 Coating System N°.1: External Barge Hull Surface Above Waterline – Excluding Deck

Product Name	Colour	W.F.T.	D.F.T.	R/Min	R/Max	
Epoxy Primer Intergard 269	Red	106µm	50µm	Refer to Manufacturers Data Sheet		
Glass Flake Epoxy Interzone 505		444µm	400µm			
Polyurethane Finish Interthane 990	Ral 7030	132µm	75µm			
Total Dry Film Thickness: 525µm						

7.2 Coating System N°.2: External Barge Hull Surface Below Waterline

Product Name	Colour	W.F.T.	D.F.T.	R/Min	R/Max	
Epoxy Primer Intergard 269	Red	106µm	50µm	Refer to Manufacturers Data Sheet		
Glass Flake Epoxy Interzone 505		444µm	400µm			
Antifouling Tie coat Intergard 263	Ral 7030	131µm	75µm			
Intersmooth Self Polishing 460 SPC	Ral 7030	187µm	75µm			
Total Dry Film Thickness: - 600µm						

7.3 Coating System No.3: Internal Barge – Excluding Ballast Tanks

Product Name	Colour	W.F.T.	D.F.T.	R/Min	R/Max		
Epoxy Primer Zinc Rich Interzinc 52	Grey	127µm	75µm	Refer to Manufacturers			
Epoxy Intergard 475HS	Ral 1015	156µm	125µm	Data Sheet			
Total Dry Film Thickness: - 200μm							

7.4 Coating System No.4: Ballast Tanks

Product Name	Colour	W.F.T.	D.F.T.	R/Min	R/Max		
Epoxy Primer Intergard 269	Red	106µm	50µm	ım Manufacturers			
Epoxy Interseal 670HS	Grey	183µm	150µm				
Epoxy Interseal 670HS	Ral 1015	183µm	150µm				
Total Dry Film Thickness: - 350µm							



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7.5 Coating System N°.5: Barge Main Deck And Walkways

Product Name	Colour	W.F.T.	D.F.T.	R/Min	R/Max	
Epoxy Primer Zinc Rich Interzinc 52	Grey	102µm	60µm	Refer to Manufacturers Data Sheet		
Modified Epoxy Interzone 954		471µm	400µm			
Silica Aggregate 132						
Polyurethane Finish Interthane 990	Ral 6021	132µm	75µm			
Total Dry Film Thickness: - 535µm						

7.6 Coating System No.6: Buildings – Wall and Stairs

Product Name	Colour	W.F.T.	D.F.T.	R/Min	R/Max		
Epoxy Primer Zinc Rich Interzinc 52	Grey	127µm	75µm	Refer to			
Epoxy Intergard 475HS	Ral 1015	250µm	200µm	Manufa			
Polyurethane Finish Interthane 990	* See Note	132µm	75µm	Data Sheet			
Total Dry Film Thickness: 350µm							

^{*} Note: Wall Panels will be received on site in final coat Ral 9010: Buildings: Ral 2004

7.7 Coating System No.7: Escape Routes

Product Name	Colour	W.F.T.	D.F.T.	R/Min	R/Max	
Epoxy Primer Zinc Rich Interzinc 52	Grey	102µm	60µm			
Modified Epoxy Interzone 954		3530µm	3000µm	Refer to Manufacturers		
Silica Aggregate 132				Data Sheet		
Polyurethane Finish Interthane 990 Ral 9005 132µm 50µm						
Total Dry Film Thickness: - 3110µm						

7.8 Coating System No.8: Pipe Rack

Product Name	Colour	W.F.T.	D.F.T.	R/Min	R/Max		
Epoxy Primer Intergard 269	Red	106µm	50µm	Refer to			
Glass Flake Epoxy Interzone 505		444µm	400 µm	Manufacturers			
Polyurethane Finish Interthane 990	Orange 2004	132µm	75µm	Data	Sheet		
Total Dry Film Thickness: 525µm							



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7.9 Coating System No.9: Piping

Product Name	Colour	W.F	T.	R/Min	R/Max
		W.F		Manufa	er to acturers Sheet
T a ry	Film Thick	rness: μn	n		

Notes:

- 1. Remove dust and abrasive residues prior to start of painting by blowing with dry, clean and oil free compressed air..
- 2. In accordance with good painting practice and as per client's specification all welds, edges, nut, bolts and areas where spray cannot be executed shall be stripe coated in between each coat.
- 3. Draft marks shall be painted in contrasting colour
- 4. Silica aggregate shall be included in the upper layer of the final coat on Barge Deck and Escape Routes Body.
- 5. Method of Application shall be as follows:
 - Touch Up / Stripe Coats By Brush only
 - Full Coats Airless Spray (Brush application may be used for confined / awkward access areas).
- **N.B.** The paint manufacturer's recommendations for storage, mixing, thinning, induction time and application as noted on their recent product data sheets shall be followed unless otherwise notified.

R/Min: Minimum re-coating interval – As per Manufacturers Data Sheet

R/Max: Maximum re-coating interval – As per Manufacturers Data Sheet

W.F.T.: Wet Film Thickness (measured in microns).

D.F.T.: Dry Film Thickness (measured in microns).

Thinner: States type of thinner to be used if necessary and the maximum

recommended dilution by volume.

8.0 General Repair

8.1 General

Repair of defective areas shall be accomplished in the same manner as the original coating system in regard to surface preparation prior to recoating. *Test panel will be done on site*.



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Epoxy coating which have aged to the point where further application may give rise to intercoat adhesion problems, shall be sweep blasted after cleaning prior to further coating. Approval for this work shall be obtained from the client.

8.2 Insufficient Thickness

In the event that a completely coated surface is found to have insufficient coating thickness, this surface may receive an additional coat or coats until the specific thickness is achieved. Surfaces to receive additional coating shall be properly cleaned of all foreign matter or contaminants and prepared as recommended by the Paint Manufacturer.

8.3 Excess Thickness

In the event that a coated surface is found to have excessive thickness, it shall be brought to Client's attention who will decide on the appropriate action to be taken. Acceptance by Client of excessive thickness will be considered only if the measured thickness is confirmed by the Paint manufacturer in writing as not being detrimental to the satisfactory service life and performance of the coating system and if testing demonstrates that there is no loss in system or intercoat adhesion.

8.4 Other Defects

Defects such as misses, incorrect colour, gloss level and poor hiding power shall be repaired by applying additional coating as required.

Defects such as poor finish, texture, sagging, runs, dry spray and over-spray shall be removed by abrading the film to remove the defect and then applying additional coating as required.

Defects such as poor adhesion, pinholes, holidays and cracking shall be completely removed by blast cleaning to substrate and reapplying the complete system.

8.5 Repairs to Zinc Coated Surfaces

Where repairs are required to zinc rich epoxy primer, either with or without topcoats, the following procedure shall be followed:

- Mechanical clean the surface to the appropriate surface preparation.
- Apply 70 microns DFT zinc-rich two-pack epoxy primer in two coats.
- Apply topcoats as required to achieve original system thickness. Overcoating may be permitted before complete curing of the zinc rich epoxy provided that all volatile material has evaporated.

It shall be noted that the above procedure is for repairs only. Under no circumstances shall this procedure be used in place of original coating system



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9.0 Inspection And Testing

9.1 Quality Control Inspection - Standard Requirements

Contractor's quality control inspector / coating manufacturer's inspector shall have a current certificate of qualification to the NACE International Coating Inspector Training and Certificate Program or equivalent.

All testing equipment used shall have a valid calibration certification.

9.2 Pre-Blast Cleaning Inspection (Release Acceptance)

- > Confirm that all weld spatter, slag, burrs etc. have been ground smooth by others.
- Confirm that all wax crayon, dye penetrant, oil, grease or other contaminants have been removed by solvent / alkali cleaning / high pressure fresh water washing.
- Client shall prepare and issue fully signed Release Notes for each item to be blasted and coated. No blasting and coating shall commence until full written approval from client is received.

9.3 During Blast Cleaning Inspection

- During blast cleaning confirm that the correct abrasive is being used.
- > Check on a random basis *(minimum once every day)*, the compressed air pressure (for sandblasters) and the air quality (check to ensure air is dry and free from oil.

9.4 Post-Blast Cleaning Inspection

- > Check and record type / size of abrasive used.
- Check and record surface profile via testex tape (minimum three per day) and also via Surface profile gauge (min. five per day).
- The required surface profile of blasted substrates is to be verified and results are to be recorded in the Painting Inspection Reports.
- > An electronic gauge shall be used to determine the blasting profile.
- Check mimimum once a day for presence of soluble salts / chloride contamination prior to coating of any blasted surface. The maximum permissible limit for chloride level shall be equivalent to 20mg/m². If higher reading is found then entire surface shall be washed down with fresh water until the level is found acceptable. Following wash down the surface shall be reblasted.
- > Check standard of surface preparation / cleanliness.
- Check that all surfaces have been properly prepared and have been cleaned to remove dust / abrasive residues. Mark up areas not to standard for immediate or later repair.



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- > Check surface roughness.
- Measure and Record: Wet, Dry and Substrate Temperatures. Calculate Dew Point and Relative Humidity.
- > Check weather forecast conditions (min. four times daily) likely for the duration of the paint application and drying period.

9.5 Quality Control of Prepared and Coated Surfaces

A routine quality control inspection shall be performed before and during paint application. Typical checks shall be as follows:-

- > Take regular wet film thickness readings during application where appropriate.
- > Record dry film thickness of each applied coat of paint.
- > Record any visible defects, pinholes, runs, sags, excessive dry / over spray etc.
- Check coating is through dry (and cured for zinc silicate).
- > Check adhesion between coats using cross cut tape test.
- Check adhesion on final coats using pull off test.
- > Check holiday testing (required for tanks and outside barge hull structure)
- > Record over coating times for each coat.
- > Record weather / substrate conditions before, during and after application of each coat including:

Wet Bulb Temperature

Dry Bulb Temperature

Substrate Temperature

Relative Humidity

Dew Point

- > Check that stripe coating, rubbing down and washing down has been performed where appropriate
- > Check that two component paints are correctly and fully mixed. Partially mixing of a set is not permitted.
- Check that all paints are thoroughly stirred before use.
- > Record type of thinner, batch number and quantity (by volume) used.
- > Record batch numbers from each product / component used.



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10.0 Color Coding of Piping

The commodity transported inside each pipe shall be identified by the combination of a background colour and a coding colour, by application of coloured bands (painted or adhesive tapes) compatible with the underneath coating. The colour bands shall be applied in accordance with Figure 1. The colour coding of the bands shall be in accordance with Table 1.(Annex 1)

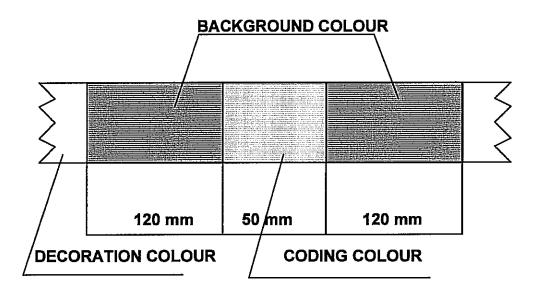


Figure 1 Colour Bands

The bands shall be applied where identification of the fluid is most important, i.e. on pipes around equipment, machineries and near valves.

11.0 Documentation

All inspections and measurements taken shall be reported in the Painting Inspection Report (Annex 2).

11.0 Annexes

- Piping Identification colors Annex 1
- Painting Inspection Report Annex 2



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12.0 Attachments

- International Marine Coatings Thinners/Cleaners/Miscellaneous
- International Marine Coatings Intergard 269 Epoxy Primer / Tie coat International
- International Marine Coatings Interzone 505 Glass Flake Epoxy
- International Marine Coatings Interthane 990 Polyyrethane Finish
- International Marine Coatings Intergard 263 Epoxy Tie Coat
- International Marine Coatings Intersmooth 460SPC
- International Marine Coatings Interzone 954 Modified Epoxy
- International Marine Coatings Interzinc 52 Epoxy Zinch-Rich
- International Marine Coatings Intergard 475HS Epoxy
- International Marine Coatings Interseal 670HS Surface Tolerant Epoxy

Table 1. Piping Identification Colours

COMMODITY CODE	FLUID	BACKGROUND COLOUR	CODING COLOUR
AB	Breathing Air	Blue 5017	-
AD	Amine Drain	Orange 2004	Black 9004
АМ	Amine	Violet 4005	Yellow 1023
BW	Boiler Feed Water	Green 6024	Red 3020
CA	Compressed Air	Blue 5017	Red 3020
CD	Closed Drain	Orange 2004	Red 3020
СН	Chemicals	Violet 4005	Brown 8016
CM	Cooling Medium	Yellow 1023	Aluminium 9006
CS	Caustic Soda	Violet 4005	Orange 2004
DW	Potable Water	Green 6024	Orange 2004
FD	Fuel Oil/Diesel	Brown 8016	-
FF	Fire Foam	Red 3020	-
FG	Fuel Gas	Yellow 1023	-
FW	Fire Water	Red 3020	Green 6024
GA	Acid Gas	Yellow 1023	Violet 4005
GR	Refrigeration Gas	Blue 5017	Yellow 1023
GY	Glycol	Violet 4005	Blue 5017
HC	HP Condensate	Yellow 1023	Brown 8016
HD	Hot Oil Drain/Heating Medium Drain	Orange	Red 3020
НМ	Heating Medium	Yellow 1023	Red 3020
HS	HP Steam	Red 3020	-
IA	Instrument Air	Blue 5017	Red 3020
LC	LP Condensate	Yellow 1023	Brown 8016
LD	Lube Oil	Yellow 1023	Blue 5017
LR	Refrigeration Liquid	Blue 5017	Yellow 1023
LS	LP Steam	Red 3020	4
ML	Methanol	Violet 4005	Black 9005
os	Oil (Sludge)	Brown 8016	Yellow 1023
ow	Oily Water Sewer/Open Drain	Orange 2004	Black 9005
PA	Process Air	Blue 5017	Red 3020
PL	LPG (Sour)	Yellow 1023	Black 9005
PM	Sweet LPG	Yellow 1023	Green 6024
PO	Product Oil	Yellow 1023	Brown 8016
PW	Produced Water	Green 6024	Yellow 1023
RG	Raw Gas	Yellow 1023	Black 9005
RO	Raw Oil	Brown 8016	Yellow 1023
RS	Sewage Raw	Orange 2004	Black 9005
RW	Raw Water/Technical Water	Green 6024	Violet 4005
SA	Sulphuric Acid	Violet 4005	Red 3020
SD	Sludge (Sewage)	Orange 2004	Black 9005
SL	Liquid Sulphur	Violet 4005	Red 3020
so	Slop Oil	Brown 8016	Yellow 1023
SW	Sea Water	Green 6024	Black 9005
TG	Treated Gas (Sweet)	Yellow 1023	Blue 5071
TS	Treated Sewage	Orange 2004	Black 9005
TW	Demin Water	Green 6024	Brown 8016
UA	Plant/Utility Air	Blue 5017	Red 3020
UN	Nitrogen	Blue 5017	Yellow 1023
UW	Utility Water	Green 6024	Blue 5017
WF	Well Fluid	Brown 8016	Yellow 1023
ww	Waste Water	Green 6024	Brown 8016



PAINT INSPECTION REPORT

QUALITY DEPARTMENT

ITP	Ref.	No.:	48007	-QA-F	-05

Item Block No: N

Report No.: PR-

		Da	te:	
Project:	BARGE No. 8 – PRO	DJECT 48007 Sh	eet: 1 of 2	
Inspector Name:	P.C. N°.:	Qualification:		
G. CLEWS	502296	ICORR LVL1/2		

Inspector Name:		P.C. 1	N°.:	Qualification	a:	
G. CLEWS		50229	02296 ICORR LVL1/2			
Client Specification C	ompliance:	Proce	edure Referenc	e:	Coating Syste	m:
14035-919100-001-0-F	·F	48007	7-ED-M-03			
Description of Item T	reated:					
			***************************************	_4_		
					<u> </u>	
Location: WorkSho			Release Note N			
Material: Black Ste	eel 🔲 As Welde	ed _	As Weleted	& Erected	7	Pipe(Int.)
Activity Performed:		_		//// \	Date:	/ / .
		\sim				
	100	7				
Equipment Used:	Wheelabrator [1]	Blast	Machine [☐ Pencil Bla	st 🗆 Or	bital Blast
	Power Roush		Grinder [Needle G		nd Sanding
Build 777DI usia .		Disc	51111001 F		<u> </u>	III DERUING
After Cooler \square	Power-Sander 🗆	H.P. V	WaterPump L	[⊥] H.P. Wasl	her 🗀 Ste	am Cleaner
After Cooler Ambient Condition:		H.P. V Temp °C	WaterPump L Wet Bulb ⁰C	H.P. Wasl % Relative Humidity	her Steel Temp	am Cleaner Dew Point °C
•	Time Hrs Air	Temp	Wet Bulb	% Relative	Steel Temp	
Ambient Condition:	Time Hrs Air	Temp	Wet Bulb	% Relative	Steel Temp	
Ambient Condition: Before Blasting	Time Hrs Air	Temp	Wet Bulb	% Relative	Steel Temp	
Ambient Condition: Before Blasting Continue Blasting	Time Hrs Air	Temp	Wet Bulb	% Relative	Steel Temp	
Ambient Condition: Before Blasting Continue Blasting Before Spray	Time Hrs Air	Temp	Wet Bulb	% Relative	Steel Temp °C	
Ambient Condition: Before Blasting Continue Blasting Before Spray Finish Spray	Time Hrs Air	Temp	Wet Bulb	% Relative	Steel Temp °C	Dew Point °C
Ambient Condition: Before Blasting Continue Blasting Before Spray Finish Spray Surface Preparation F	Performed:	Temp °C	Wet Bulb	% Relative	Steel Temp °C TEST	Dew Point °C
Ambient Condition: Before Blasting Continue Blasting Before Spray Finish Spray Surface Preparation F Preparation Standard	Performed:	Temp °C	Wet Bulb	% Relative	Steel Temp °C TEST	Dew Point °C
Ambient Condition: Before Blasting Continue Blasting Before Spray Finish Spray Surface Preparation F Preparation Standard Soluble Salt Test: (ISC	Performed: :: (ISO 8501-1) Sa O 8502-6)	Temp °C	Wet Bulb	% Relative	Steel Temp °C TEST	Dew Point °C EX HERE EX HERE
Ambient Condition: Before Blasting Continue Blasting Before Spray Finish Spray Surface Preparation F Preparation Standard Soluble Salt Test: (ISC Air Quality:	Performed: :: (ISO 8501-1) Sa O 8502-6)	Temp °C	Wet Bulb	% Relative	Steel Temp °C TEST	Dew Point °C

Cleanliness: (ISO 8502-3)

And the second s
Malta Shipyards

PAINT INSPECTION REPORT

Item Block No: N

Malta Shipyards	QUALITY DEPARTMENT					Report No.: PR -		
mana ompyarus			Date	:				
Project:	BARGE I	No. 8 – PRO	DJECT 48007	7	Shee	et: 2 of	2	
Supplier: INTERNATI	Drusu					Airles	s Spray 🔲	
		Coating Application: R				Conv.	Spray \square	
Product Name:	Coat. Nº.	Batch No.	Colour	Shelf Life Pot I		Pot Life	Induction Time	
							-	
Curing Agent:				PARTY VALVE AND AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF		and the second second second second second second second second second	AND REAL PROPERTY AND A STATE OF THE STATE O	
Thinner:								
Specified Wift	Recorded W.	F.T.						
Specified Wft:								
Elcometer DFT Gauge	Model:	Serial	N°.:	Calibratio	n Dat	te: Printo	ıt Report	
Elcometer Dr I Gauge	345 FS	KB	2962-101/	26/04/	2005	N°.:		
Film Thickness Test:	Min. D.F.	r. Ma	x. D.F.T.()	Average	D.F.	T. Lit	res Used	
Specified D.F.T						And the first th		
Recorded D.F.T.	$-(\sim)$	2						
Number of readings:	Under		Over:		Res	ults:		
Additional Test Perform	ed ;	Report	N°s.: N/A]	Date: /		
X –Cut tape test	·				R	esult:		
Adhesion Test (Pull Off)	; N/A							
Holiday Detection Test	: N/A							
Test Plate Made	: N/A				I.D.	Nos.:	,	
		Remarks	Comments:					

MS Paint Inspector	MS QA/	QC Dept.	Paint Sup	plier		Client / Th	ird Party	
Name: G. Clews	Name:		Name:		N	lame:		
Signature:	Signature:		Signature:		s	ignature:		
Date:	Date:		Date:		ID	Pate:		